M. Pearson
CLERK TO THE AUTHORITY

To: The Chair and Members of the

Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue

Authority

(see below)

**SERVICE HEADQUARTERS** 

THE KNOWLE

**CLYST ST GEORGE** 

EXETER DEVON EX3 0NW

 Your ref :
 Date : 20 May 2014
 Telephone : 01392 872200

 Our ref :
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# **DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY**

(Ordinary Meeting)

# Thursday 29 May 2014

A meeting of the Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority will be held on the above date, commencing at 11:00 hours or on the conclusion of the preceding Annual Meeting, whichever is later, in the Conference Rooms in Somerset House, Service Headquarters to consider the following matters.

M. Pearson Clerk to the Authority

#### AGENDA

# PLEASE REFER TO THE NOTES AT THE END OF THE AGENDA LISTING SHEETS

# 1. Apologies

#### 2. Items Requiring Urgent Attention

Items which, in the opinion of the Chair, should be considered at the meeting as matters of urgency.

#### **PART 1 – OPEN COMMITTEE**

# 3. Questions and Petitions by the Public

In accordance with Standing Orders, to consider any questions and petitions submitted by the public. Questions must relate to matters to be considered at this meeting of the Authority. Petitions must relate to matters for which the Authority has a responsibility or which affects the Authority. Neither questions nor petitions may require the disclosure of confidential or exempt information. Questions and petitions must be submitted in writing or by e-mail to the Clerk to the Authority (e-mail address: <a href="mailto:clerk@dsfire.gov.uk">clerk@dsfire.gov.uk</a>) by midday on Friday 23 May 2014.

# 4. Addresses by Representative Bodies

To receive addresses from representative bodies requested and approved in accordance with Standing Orders.

#### 5. Questions by Members of the Authority

To receive and answer any questions submitted in accordance with Standing Orders.

#### 6. Minutes of Committees

# (a) Commercial Services Committee

The Chair of the Committee, Councillor Healey, to **MOVE** the Minutes of the meetings held on 26 March and 19 May 2014 attached (pages 4 and 5 respectively)

**RECOMMENDATION** that, in accordance with Standing Orders, the Minutes be adopted.

#### (b) Audit & Performance Review Committee

The Chair of the Committee, Councillor Radford, to **MOVE** the Minutes of the meeting held on 7 May 2014 attached (page 6)

**RECOMMENDATION** that, in accordance with Standing Orders, the Minutes be adopted.

# (c) Resources Committee

The Chair of the Committee, Councillor Greenslade, to **MOVE** the Minutes of the meeting held on 16 May 2014 attached (page 9)

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- (i) that the recommendation at Minute RC/24 (Financial Performance Report 2013-14 Quarter 4) be considered in conjunction with item 7 below;
- (ii) that, subject to (i) above and in accordance with Standing Orders, the Minutes be adopted.

#### 7. <u>Provisional Financial Outturn 2013-14</u>

Report of the Treasurer (DSFRA/14/10) attached (page 12)

#### 8. Annual Treasury Management Report 2013-14

Report of the Treasurer (DSFRA/14/11) attached (page 31)

# 9. <u>Chairman's Announcements</u>

#### 10. Chief Fire Officer's Announcements

# PART 2 – ITEMS WHICH MAY BE TAKEN IN THE ABSENCE OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

Nil

#### MEMBERS ARE REQUESTED TO SIGN THE ATTENDANCE REGISTER

## Membership:-

Councillors Ball, Bown, Mrs. Bowyer, Brooksbank, Burridge-Clayton, Chugg, Colthorpe, Dyke, Eastman, Edmunds, Ellery, Gordon, Greenslade, Healey, Horsfall, Knight, Owen, Prior-Sankey, Radford, Randall Johnson, J Smith, Way, Woodman and Yeomans

Vacancy (Plymouth City Council appointee).

#### NOTES

# 1. Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (Authority Members only)

If you have any disclosable pecuniary interests (as defined by Regulations) in any item(s) to be considered at this meeting then, unless you have previously obtained a dispensation from the Authority's Monitoring Officer, you must:

- (a) disclose any such interest at the time of commencement of consideration of the item in which you have the interest or, if later, as soon as it becomes apparent to you that you have such an interest;
- (b) leave the meeting room during consideration of the item in which you have such an interest, taking no part in any discussion or decision thereon; and
- (c) not seek to influence improperly any decision on the matter in which you have such an interest.

If the interest is sensitive (as agreed with the Monitoring Officer), you need not disclose the nature of the interest but merely that you have a disclosable pecuniary interest of a sensitive nature. You must still follow (b) and (c) above.

#### 2. Part 2 Reports

Members are reminded that any Part 2 reports as circulated with the agenda for this meeting contain exempt information and should therefore be treated accordingly. They should not be disclosed or passed on to any other person(s). Members are also reminded of the need to dispose of such reports carefully and are therefore invited to return them to the Committee Secretary at the conclusion of the meeting for disposal.

#### 3. Substitute Members (Committee Meetings only)

Members are reminded that, in accordance with Standing Order 35, the Clerk (or his representative) must be advised of any substitution prior to the start of the meeting. Members are also reminded that substitutions are not permitted for full Authority meetings.

#### 4. Access to Information

Any person wishing to inspect any minutes, reports or lists of background papers relating to any item on this agenda should contact the person listed in the "Please ask for" section at the top of this agenda.

#### **COMMERCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE**

(Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority)

26 March 2014

#### Present:-

Councillors Healey (Chair), Brazil, Dyke, Gordon, Randall Johnson and Woodman.

#### Apologies:

Councillor Edmunds.

#### \*CSC/29. Minutes

**RESOLVED** that the Minutes of the meetings held on 20 January and 3 February 2014 be signed as correct records.

# \*CSC/30. Exclusion of the Press and Public

**RESOLVED** that, in accordance with Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following items of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in Paragraph 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A (as amended) to the Act, namely information relating to the financial and business affairs of the Authority and other companies.

## \*CSC/31. Commercial Update - March 2014

(An item taken in accordance with Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act during which the public and press were excluded from the meeting).

The Committee received for information a report of the Commercial Business Development Manager (CSC/14/4) on commercial leads and opportunities currently being progressed.

#### \*CSC/32. Financial Performance

(An item taken in accordance with Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act during which the public and press were excluded from the meeting).

The Treasurer reported, for information, on the 2013-14 commercial services profit and loss account and specifically financial activity during the period 1 April 2013 to 28 February 2014.

#### \* DENOTES DELEGATED MATTER WITH POWER TO ACT

The meeting started at 10.00hours and finished at 11.20hours

#### **COMMERCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE**

(Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority)

19 May 2014

Present:-

Councillors Healey (Chair), Dyke, Edmunds, Randall Johnson and Woodman

Apologies:-

Councillor Gordon

# \*CSC/33. Minutes

**RESOLVED** that the Minutes of the meeting held on 26 March 2014 be signed as a correct record.

#### \*CSC/34. Exclusion of the Press and Public

**RESOLVED** that, in accordance with Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972, the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following items of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in Paragraph 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A (as amended) to the Act, namely information relating to the financial and business affairs of the Authority and other companies.

#### \*CSC/35. Commercial Update - April 2014

(An item taken in accordance with Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 during which the press and public were excluded from the meeting).

The Committee received for information a report of the Commercial Business Development Manager (CSC/14/5) on commercial leads and opportunities currently being progressed.

#### \*CSC/36. Financial Performance

(An item taken in accordance with Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 during which the press and public were excluded from the meeting).

The Treasurer reported, for information, on financial performance for commercial activities for the current financial year and highlighting, amongst other things, turnover and net profit secured by Red1 Limited to date.

## \* DENOTES DELEGATED MATTER WITH POWER TO ACT

The meeting started at 10.00hours and finished at 11.40hours

# **AUDIT AND PERFORMANCE REVIEW COMMITTEE**

(Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority)

7 May 2014

#### Present:-

Councillors Radford (Chairman), Brazil, Edmunds, Gribble, Horsfall and Woodman (vice Healey).

#### Apologies:-

Received from Councillor Healey.

# \*APRC/20. Minutes

**RESOLVED** that the Minutes of the meeting held on 28 November 2013 be signed as a correct record.

#### \*APRC/21. Grant Thornton items:

The Authority's external auditor, Grant Thornton, submitted, for information, a report on progress in delivering its audit responsibilities to the Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority together with a letter setting out the planned audit fee for 2014/15.

Peter Barber, Associate Director for Grant Thornton and the new Fire Lead for the South West, attended the meeting. He outlined his background for the benefit of the Committee and explained that he looked forward to working with the Service and to continue to build the good working relationship that had been established by his predecessors.

In terms of the reports circulated, he indicated that the Audit Plan for 2014/15 would be submitted to the July meeting of the Committee as Grant Thornton wished to complete its interim work with the Service first. He added that this was slightly behind schedule but that the audit team would be on site on 9 June 2014 to undertake further work. The audit fee for 2014-15 was £45093 in accordance with the fee schedule set by the Audit Commission in 2012-13 for five years. Following this period, the Service would have the opportunity to undertake a process to appoint its own auditors and this would need to be considered in due course.

#### \*APRC/22. 2013-14 Internal Audit Year End Report

The Committee received for information a report of the Audit and Review Manager (APRC/14/1) that set out the progress made against the 2013-14 Internal Audit Plan and provided assurance statements for the audits completed.

Anne Parsons, representing the Devon Audit Partnership (DAP), attended the meeting and gave an update on the position in respect of audits that DAP had completed but were not set out within the report circulated. These included:

- Payroll \*\*\*\* High Standard
- ICT Organisational Controls \*\* Improvement Required
- Strategic Fire Control \*\*\*\* High Standard.

The Committee commented that there appeared to be a lot of audits showing "improvements required". The Audit and Review Manager replied that the role of the Audit Team was to help the organisation to improve continuously and that the audits provided a way of conducting this in an organised and transparent way. He added that, based on the work that had been undertaken in 2013-14 and from work undertaken in previous years, Devon and Somerset Fire & Rescue Service demonstrated a good level of internal control overall.

Reference was made at this point to the contract that was in place with Expotel for bookings for rail fares and hotel accommodation and whether the Service was getting value for money from this. It was suggested and agreed that this matter would be considered in conjunction with the item on the 2014-15 Internal Audit Plan (Minute \*APRC/23 below refers).

# \*APRC/23. 2014-15 Internal Audit Plan

The Committee considered a report of the Audit and Review Manager (APRC/14/2) that set out the proposed scope of the combined internal audit work to be completed in 2014-15 by the Service's Audit and Review team and the Devon Audit Partnership.

In terms of the additional work to look specifically at the Expotel contract (Minute \*APRC/22 above refers), there was a discussion surrounding whether or not the proposed Audit Plan could accommodate this. The Audit Manager advised that the Plan was instigated on the basis of a risk based approach but he felt that this additional work could be accommodated. Councillor Horsfall **MOVED** (and was seconded by Councillor Gribble):

"that the 2014-15 Internal Audit Plan be approved subject to the inclusion of the additional work to look at the value for money provided by the Expotel contract".

Upon a vote (6 for, 0 against), the motion was **CARRIED**.

**RESOLVED** that, subject to the inclusion of the additional work to look at the value for money provided by the Expotel contract, the 2014-15 Internal Audit Plan be approved.

# \*APRC/24. <u>Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Service Performance report: April 2013 to</u> March 2014

The Committee received for information a report of the Director of Operations (APRC/14/3) that set out Service performance for the period 1 April to 31 March 2014 against those measures contained within the approved Corporate Plan for 2013/14 to 2015/16.

In particular, the following points were highlighted:

- Measure 1 (fire deaths where people live): there had been an increase in fire fatalities in 2013/14 to 12 as compared with 10 in 2012/13. This was an increasing trend for the third successive year and as a result, the Service had undertaken a critical review of its prevention activities.
  - A revised Prevention Strategy and Action Plan had been implemented which would deliver, amongst other things, a change in focus on Home Fire Safety Visits to target the available resources more carefully together with an aspirational target to deliver 30,000 in a 12 month period. It was stated that to achieve this figure on an annual basis would take time.
- Measure 2 (fire injuries where people live): there had been 84 injuries occurring in 2013/14 as compared with 54 in 2012/13 which was a significant rise at 64%.

It had been identified that the detail entered into the Incident Recording System (IRS) had resulted in an under recording of less serious injuries (where an individual received on scene assessment). It had also been identified that other regional Fire and Rescue Services had identified a similar under recording. In response to this, a quality assurance process had been instigated and this had been applied retrospectively to all incidents that had occurred in 2013/14 resulting in the significant increase in injuries as above.

The 2013/14 figures would now be used as a baseline for future years. It was noted, however, that the problem of increasing injuries against a backdrop of reducing fires was not unique to this Service. A national project was being led by Kent Fire and Rescue Service with Greenwich University to try to understand how human behaviour in fire has changed.

- Measure 3 (incidents where people live): there had been a slight increase in the number of fires to 1058 in 2013/14 9 more than in 2012/13 although overall this measure was still showing a downward trend since combination in 2007/08.
- Measure 4 (fire deaths where people work): there had 2 deaths occurring at places where people work and visit in 2013/14, one of which was an outdoor fire and the other a vehicle fire. This measure had showed an overall downward trend since combination in 2007/08.
- Measure 5 (fire injuries where people work): the statistics showed an increase to 38 injuries in 2013/14 in comparison to 2012/13 which had 15 recorded injuries. This was linked to the issues associated with the IRS recording as mentioned above.
- Measure 6 (incidents where people work): there had been an increase in the number of incidents reported to 1392 in 2013/14 as compared with 1323 in 2012/13, with both deliberate and accidental fires increasing. This was attributable largely to the long spells of hot, dry weather that had been experienced last year. The increase in other fires (notably grassland fires) was potentially also attributable to this.
- Measures 7 & 8 (emergency response standards): The Service continued to see an improvement in performance with 69.93% for 1<sup>st</sup> attendance within 10 minutes and 75.51% for 1<sup>st</sup> attendance within 15 minutes for a road traffic collision. This was an area of performance that was continually monitored.
- Measures 9, 10 and 11 an update on progress on these measures was set out within the report for information.

In terms of sickness, it was reported that the level of absence had dropped from 7.79 days or shifts per person in in 2012/13 to 7.06 in 2013/14. This represented a continued downward trend since the Service combined in 2007. A new electronic sickness reporting process was also in place. The Committee commended Officers for achieving this year on year decrease which had been the subject of a lot of intervention activity and focus during recent years.

#### \* DENOTES DELEGATED MATTER WITH POWER TO ACT

The meeting started at 10:00hours and finished at 11.150hours.

#### **RESOURCES COMMITTEE**

(Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority)

16 May 2014

#### Present:-

Councillors Greenslade (Chairman), Brooksbank, Burridge-Clayton, Chugg, Dyke, Gordon, and Yeomans.

# \*RC/23. Minutes

**RESOLVED** that the Minutes of the meeting held on 21 February 2014 be signed as a correct record.

# RC/24. Financial Performance Report 2013-14 - Quarter 4

The Committee considered a report of the Treasurer to the Authority (RC/14/8) that set out details of the Authority's financial performance during the fourth quarter of 2013/14 as compared with the approved financial targets. The report also provided details of spending against the 2013-14 revenue budget with explanations of the major variations.

The Treasurer highlighted that net spending was £74.133 million at the year-end in 2013/14 which was £2.651million less than the approved revenue budget of £76.784million, equivalent to 3.45% of the total budget. The report set out proposals for the utilisation of this underspend, which had been calculated following the transfer of funds of £1.490million to Earmarked Reserves as set out within paragraph 12.1 of report RC/14/8. He added that this was a much better result than had been anticipated but a lot of effort had been made with budget holders to get to this position in accordance with the strategy that had been adopted to achieve in year savings wherever possible.

The Treasurer outlined the proposals for the utilisation of the underspend which it was anticipated would fund two further transfers into Earmarked Reserves as follows:

- Essential Spending Pressures (£0.300million);
- Capital Funding Reserve (£2.351million).

It was noted that the establishment of an Earmarked Reserve for Direct Revenue Funding to Capital was essential. It was envisaged that the debt ratio target of 5% for the Authority may be breached by 2017/18 based on current spending forecasts with the level of external debt rising beyond the current £26 million to £36 million by 2020. This was to meet the Authority's ongoing capital investment backlog together with the phased roll out of the Light Rescue Pumps (LRPs). This would not be affordable for the Authority, particularly against a backdrop of further funding reductions in future years. It was considered, therefore, that the transfer of revenue to capital funds was a prudent approach at this stage.

Attention was drawn in particular to the contributions that had to be made to provisions balances. The Authority was required to review the adequacy of its provisions balances at the end of each financial year and to consider any changes during the year to determine whether any additional amounts should be set aside. As a result of the most recent review, it had been determined that £0.776 million should be set aside which related to the following matters:

- Future Pensions Liabilities (£0.481million);
- Private Finance Initiative (PFI) Equalisation Fund (£0.295million).

The Chief Fire Officer indicated that budget managers were driving out efficiencies and reducing spend wherever possible in light of the need to secure in year savings and to reduce the likelihood of further post reductions in the future. He highlighted that 75 operational and 41 non-operational posts had been removed from the Service in year and work was progressing towards reducing further as required by the implementation of the Corporate Plan for 2013/14 to 2015/16.

Councillor Greenslade expressed his thanks to both operational officers and budget holders on behalf of the Committee for the laudable position that had been achieved on the outturn at the year end. He asked for a progress report on planned expenditure on the earmarked community safety grant funding to be brought to a future meeting of the resources Committee. The Director of Operations replied that this matter would normally be reported back via the Community Safety and Corporate Planning Committee but that the same report could be submitted to the Resources Committee additionally for information.

**RESOLVED** that the Fire and Rescue Authority, at its meeting on the 29 May 2014, be recommended to approve:

- (a) That the provisional underspend against the 2013-14 revenue budget of £2.651m be utilised to fund the following transfers to Earmarked Reserves, as outlined in paragraph 13.1 of report RC/14/8:
  - (i) That an amount of £0.300m be transferred to an Earmarked Reserve to be utilised to fund Essential Spending Pressures not included in the 2014-15 base budget;
    - A. That the remaining figure of £2.351m be transferred to the existing Earmarked Reserve for Direct Revenue Funding to Capital:
    - B. That, subject to (a) above, the following be noted:
- (b) The draft position in respect of the 2013-14 Revenue and Capital Outturn position, as indicated in this report.
  - (i) That the underspend figure of £2.651m is after;
  - (ii) A transfer of £0.148m to the Grants Unapplied Reserve, as required under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) relating to grants received during the financial year but not utilised.
    - A. A transfer of £0.405m to an Earmarked Reserve to fund Community Safety Prevention activities, as previously agreed invear by the Committee.
    - B. A transfer of £0.937m to an Earmarked Reserve for 2013-14 Budget Carry Forwards to fund planned projects not completed by 31 March 2014.
    - C. An increase of £0.776m in the amount set aside in Provision balances as outlined in paragraph 13.3 of this report.
- (c) That the performance against agreed financial targets be noted.

#### \*RC/25. Annual Grant to the Service Ceremonial Unit 2014/15

The Committee considered a report of the Chief Fire Officer (RC/14/9) on the making of a grant to the Service Ceremonial Unit by way of contribution to events scheduled for the forthcoming financial year and to assist towards the costs of replacement of certain consumables as identified in the report. The approved 2014-15 revenue budget contained provision to make grants. Financial Regulations required the level of grant sought by the Unit to be approved by the Committee.

The Chief Fire Officer stated that the Service was mindful of the financial position and therefore was looking already at supporting the Ceremonial Unit to secure alternative funding sources given that the ability to make grants of this magnitude in the future would be increasingly difficult.

The Committee was very supportive of the Ceremonial Unit and the functions that it undertook and was also sympathetic to the requirement for grant funding from the Service to undertake these. In addition, the Committee agreed that the Ceremonial Unit might benefit from seeking alternative, independent sources of finance (e.g. fund raising events, sponsorship, lottery funding), with support and assistance from the Service in doing so.

**RESOLVED** that a grant of £7000.00 be made to the Ceremonial Unit for the 2014-15 financial year as a contribution towards those costs highlighted in paragraphs 3.1 to 3.3 of Report RC/14/9.

\* DENOTES DELEGATED MATTER WITH POWER TO ACT

The meeting started at 14:00hours and finished at 15.17hours



# DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY

REPORT REFERENCE NO.	DSFRA/14/10		
MEETING	DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY (Ordinary Meeting)		
DATE OF MEETING	29 MAY 2014		
SUBJECT OF REPORT	PROVISIONAL FINANCIAL OUTTURN 2013-14		
LEAD OFFICER	Treasurer		
RECOMMENDATIONS	(a) That the following two proposed transfers to Earmarked Reserves, as outlined in paragraph 12.1 of this report, be approved;		
	<ol> <li>an amount of £0.300m be transferred to an Earmarked Reserve to fund two one-off essential spending pressures not included in the 2014-15 revenue budget;</li> </ol>		
	//. an amount of £2.349m be transferred to the Earmarked Reserve for Direct Revenue Funding to Capital.		
	(b) That the capital determinations in relation to the funding of the 2013-14 capital spending, as detailed in paragraph 18.1 of this report, be approved;		
	(c) That subject to (a) and (b) above, the position in relation to the Revenue and Capital Outturn, as indicated in this report, be noted.		
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	This report provides the financial outturn position for 2013-14, for both revenue and capital spending, and makes recommendations as to how the underspend against the revenue budget of £2.649m is to be utilised.		
	The figures included in this report are provisional at this stage, subject to external audit of the Accounts during July/August 2014.		
RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS	As indicated in the report		

EQUALITY RISKS AND BENEFITS ANALYSIS (ERBA)	The contents of this report are considered compatible with equalities and human rights legislation.
APPENDICES	<ul> <li>A. Provisional Revenue Outturn Position 2013-2014.</li> <li>B. Summary of Reserve and Provision Balances at 31 March 2014</li> </ul>
LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS	Financial Performance Report 2013-14 (RC/14/8) to Resources Committee 16 May 2014

# 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This report provides the Authority with the final outturn position (subject to audit) for revenue and capital spending for the financial year 2013-14, and makes recommendations as to how the underspend against the revenue budget is to be utilised. The report is in two parts. Section 1 deals with the revenue outturn position while Section 2 deals with the position in relation to capital spending.
- The Authority has been informed of the difficult financial climate that local authorities are currently operating under as a result of cuts in government funding. In setting the 2014-15 revenue budget for the Authority, in February 2014, consideration of the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP), recognised that further recurring savings will be required over the next three years to 2017-18, over above the savings already agreed by the Corporate Plan proposals in July 2013. Further details of our savings requirements, forecast within the MTFP targets, are included in paragraph 13 of this report.
- 1.3 Mindful of this difficult outlook the strategy adopted during the last financial year 2013-14 was to secure as much in-year savings as possible with a view to adding to Authority Reserve balances. Members of the Resources Committee will recognise from budget monitoring reports considered during the financial year that the adoption of this strategy was anticipated to deliver savings against the 2013-14 budget (previous forecast at Quarter 3 was for a saving of £1.932m). The provisional outturn figure for 2013-14, now included in this report, is for an underspend of £2.649m, equivalent to 3.45% of total budget.
- 1.4 It should be recognised that in achieving this very positive result, budget managers have reviewed each area of spend and continue to implement more cost effective ways of delivering the Service. Having seen significant numbers of staff leave the organisation in recent months, there is an even stronger recognition that central government grant reductions require significant change and tough financial management throughout the Service.
- 1.5 Members will also recall that in setting a balanced budget for the current financial year 2014-15, in February 2014, an amount of £3.6m has already been taken from the base budget to reflect on-going revenue savings and as a result, it is anticipated that future budgets will be exceedingly tight moving forward.
- 1.6 The out turn position is of course, a welcome result and provides the opportunity to transfer this amount into Reserve balances to be utilised in the best possible way to assist future budget setting. In practical terms, this money will be used to reduce debt charges and the associated annual cost of paying back debt so whilst the saving is a one-off and not a sustainable solution to our forecast budget shortfalls, we are using the money saved in the most effective way to assist take pressure of future budgets which we know will continue to be very challenging.
- 1.7 The Resources Committee, at its meeting on 16 May 2014, considered an earlier version of this report (RC/14/8). While the actual figures have changed slightly since that time, the Committee resolved to recommend the Authority to approve the transfer of underspend to the identified earmarked reserves (Minute RC/24 refers). This recommendation is reflected in this report.

# 2. SECTION 1 – REVENUE OUTTURN 2013-14

2.1 Total revenue spending in 2013-14 was £74.135m, compared to an agreed budget of £76.784m, resulting in an underspend of £2.649m, equivalent to 3.45% of total budget. A summary of spending is shown in Table 1 overleaf, and Appendix A provides a more detailed analysis of spending against individual budget heads.

TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF REVENUE SPENDING 2013-14

	£m	£m	£m
Approved Budget			76.784
Gross Spending (Appendix A Line 28) Gross Income (Appendix A Line 33)	76.868		
Net Spending	(4.434)	72.434	
PLUS Transfers to Earmarked Reserves	2.150		
- Community Safety Prevention (Appendix A Line 35)	0.450		
- 2013-2014 Carry Forwards (Appendix A Line 36)	0.937		
- Grants Unapplied (Appendix A Line 37)	0.314		
Total Transfer to Earmarked Reserves (Appendix A Line 38)		1.701	
TOTAL NET SPENDING			74.135
NET UNDERSPEND			(2.649)

- These figures are based upon the spending position at the end of March 2014 and whilst they provide a provisional financial performance for the year, are subject to final accounting adjustments and audit scrutiny for the year end.
- As part of the discussions around the approval of the Corporate Plan in July 2013, the Service strategy to deliver further on-going savings of £6.8m by 2015-16 includes a savings target of £1.5m to come from non-operational support functions. Report DSFRA/13/16 "Non-operational Savings" considered at the Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority (DSFRA) meeting on the 10 July 2013 (Minute DSFRA/19 refers) identified how this figure of £1.5m can be achieved including the deletion of approximately 40 posts by the end of this financial year.
- 2.4 During 2013-14 management have taken decisions to delete support staff post and at the year-end had reached 41 posts against a target of 40, contributing £1m of in-year savings. Voluntary redundancy arrangements have been used and will continue to be used to speed up the reduction of posts as agreed by the Authority.

These in-year savings form a significant contribution to the £2.649m underspend against the current year revenue budget. In addition, all budget managers had been tasked by the Chief Fire Officer and Executive Board to reduce spending 'in year' and managers have responded accordingly, reflecting an understanding that a different approach is required to financial management in order to mitigate against further budget cuts to come. Savings against other budget heads e.g. Uniformed staffing costs, Training Expenses and Capital Financing Costs are also reported. Explanations of the more significant variations from budget (over £50k variance) are explained below in paragraphs 3 to 10.

# 3. <u>EMPLOYEE COSTS</u>

#### Wholetime Staff

3.1 Gross Spending on wholetime pay was £0.520k under budget, equivalent to 1.62% of the total wholetime pay budget. This is primarily as a result of the implementation of the Corporate Plan proposals in-year to reduce the number of wholetime posts, as agreed at the Fire Authority meeting held in July 2013, and the management of vacancies during the year. The reported figure in Appendix A of an underspend of £0.039m is after an additional amount of £0.481m set aside in Provision balances to provide funding against future Pension liabilities, required as a result of changes during the year. See paragraph 12.3 of this report for more details of Provision balances.

## Retained Pay Costs

3.2 Spending on retained staffing was £0.406m below budget. It should be emphasised that by its very nature retained pay costs can be subject to significant variations e.g. volatility to spending caused from spate weather conditions.

#### **Control Room Staff**

3.3 The underspend on Control room staffing of £0.131m is due to the holding of four vacant temporary posts relating to training requirements for the National Control Project which have now been filled.

#### Non Uniformed Pay

3.4 Management action already taken this year has resulted in the deletion of significant number of support staff posts. At the end of the financial year, 41 posts had been removed from the establishment, resulting in savings of £1m against a budget of £10.974m. This figure is net of redundancy payments for non-uniformed staff.

#### Training Expenses

- 3.5 Gross spending on Training Expenses is £0.659m under budget, primarily due to the significant reduction in headcount throughout the service and planned changes to the training and development system.
- 3.6 The reported underspend against this budget head (Appendix A Line 5) is however offset by an amount of £0.295m relating to the need to set aside in a Provision an amount to provide funding towards an identified shortfall on the Equalisation Fund set up as part of the overall PFI funding of the Severn Park Training Centre at Avonmouth. Paragraph 12.3 of this report provides further detail on Provision balances.

#### **Pension Costs**

3.7 An overspend on Pension Costs of £0.364m relates to additional ill-health retirement costs which are required to be charged to the DSFRS Revenue Account.

#### 4. PREMISES RELATED COSTS

#### Repair and Maintenance

4.1 Savings against budget of £0.154m for Repair and Maintenance are primarily due to slippage in schemes, efficiencies within the planned maintenance programmes, and a reduction to the volume of repairs which are completed by external contractors.

#### Rent and Rates

4.2 The over spend of £0.071m on Rent and Rates is primarily due to Business Rates costs at the airport site of £0.050m not budgeted.

#### 5. TRANSPORT RELATED COSTS

#### Travel and Subsistence

5.1 Savings of £0.153m have been realised from Travel expenses, specifically £0.090m on Contract Car Hire Vehicle leases and £0.050m in relation to travel expenses which had been set aside to meet additional travel costs from the combination of control rooms.

# 6. SUPPLIES AND SERVICES

#### **Equipment and Furniture**

6.1 Savings of £0.314m on equipment and furniture are primarily as a result of the adoption of planned procurement and spending strategies on ICT equipment.

#### **Aborted Capital Charges**

- 6.2 It should be noted that this figure is net of a charge of £0.114m against this budget line relating to aborted capital charges. This action is necessary following a supplier, Browns Coachworks, going into Administration, leaving the Service with part built vehicles to which we have no title.
- During 2012 the Service identified a need for replacement Incident Command Units and a mini-competition was undertaken using a national framework contract managed by The Consortium. As a result, a contract dated 10 December 2012 was awarded to Browns Coachworks Ltd.
- Three stage payments totalling £0.114m were made between June and August 2013. In October 2013, the Service was made aware that Browns Coachworks Ltd had been placed into administration. Subsequent conversations with the Administrators identified that there was doubt over the title of the three vehicles and legal advice confirmed that title had not passed to the Service when the payments were made. Stage payments are usual practice in complex operational vehicle production but this particular framework contract specified other payment arrangements.
- 6.5 Negotiations were entered into with the Administrators in an attempt to agree a price to secure the vehicles for the Service in order to minimise the loss but, unfortunately, these negotiations proved unsuccessful. The discrepancies in the way the contract arrangements were managed are subject to internal investigation and legal advice and, consequently, further details cannot be made available in the public domain.
- Funding for this project, totalling £0.420m, had been included within the 2013-14 Capital Programme and the spend-to-date of £0.114m (27%) had originally been charged against this programme. However, given the current position and the fact that there is no longer any asset value attributable to these vehicles, accounting rules require this cost to be charged to the revenue account as aborted fees. These fees have therefore been funded from within the 2013-14 revenue outturn position.

#### **Communications**

6.7 Spending on Communications equipment is £0.060m less than budget as a result of the delays in the roll-out of National Fire Control project which will not go live until later this year.

#### **Uniforms**

The under spend of £0.734m on uniforms is due to reduced staff numbers and a delay in the planned refreshment of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), which is now planned to go ahead in 2014-15.

#### External Fees and Services

Due to the strategic reduction in the number of external contractors used, expenditure on External fees and services is underspent by £0.123m.

# 7. ESTABLISHMENT COSTS

# Printing, stationery and office expenses

7.1 Savings of £0.083m have been made against printing and stationery budgets due to improved procurement practice. In particular savings have been realised as a result of a new contract for photocopiers.

#### 8. PAYMENTS TO OTHER AUTHORITIES

#### **Support Service Contracts**

- 8.1 The significant over spend of £0.457m is predominantly due to mutual aid provided by other Fire and Rescue Services in the Somerset levels flooding incident. All of this cost is offset by grant income (Appendix A Line 30) to be recovered from the central government recovery scheme.
- Total costs associated with the Somerset levels incident are £0.643m of which an amount of £0.430m relates to mutual aid costs from other Fire and Rescue Services. The remaining cost of £0.213m relates to additional costs incurred by DSFRS in supporting the incident. The Service has already lodged a claim with the government to recover costs under the emergency Bellwin scheme. However under the scheme the Authority is only able to claim above a government set threshold equivalent to 2% of total revenue budget i.e. £0.153m. Representations are being made to the government to ask that the £0.153m is also recoverable but at this time there is no indication to suggest that this will be paid.

#### 9. CAPITAL FINANCING COSTS

#### Capital charges

9.1 The spending on Capital Charges is £4.233m, a saving of £0.330m against budget. This is primarily due to a reduction in debt charges because of the significant slippage in capital spending and the resultant reduction in the need for external borrowing.

#### 10. INCOME

#### Treasury Management Income

Due to better than expected yields on Investment activities in 13-14, Treasury Management income was £0.073m better than budget.

#### Grants and Reimbursements

Income from Grants and Reimbursements was £1.173m more than budgeted. However, the majority of funds are matched by additional spending items in year (reflected on expense lines) resulting in no net savings. In particular there is £0.490m of income included as the expected recovery amount from central government's Bellwin scheme reference the Somerset Levels Flooding incident. This figure also includes an amount of £0.314m relating to grants received during the year but not been applied to spending. Under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) these grants are required to be identified to the Authority at year-end and transferred to an Earmarked Reserve for application in future years when spending is actually incurred. An analysis of these grants is shown in Table 2 overleaf.

# 11. CONTRIBUTION TO EARMARKED RESERVES

- 11.1 The 2013-14 outturn figures in Appendix A includes three transfers to Earmarked Reserves, as follows:
  - Community Safety Prevention Initiatives (£0.450m) One of the eleven proposals, approved as part of the Corporate Plan, was for an amount of £0.450m to be set aside and used to enhance our targeted approach to towards prevention activity in its widest sense. At its meeting on the 19 December 2013, the Authority approved the transfer of £0.450m to an Earmarked Reserve from the 2013-14 revenue outturn budget to fund this spending. It is intended that this activity will be spread over a number of years in support of the delivery of the Corporate Plan proposals. There has been £0.045m spent in 2013-14.
  - 2013-14 Budget Carry Forwards (£0.937m) a number of committed projects planned to be delivered by the end of March 2014 have not been completed or delivered on time, and budget carry forwards are therefore required to enable the completion of those projects in 2014-15. These projects relate to:
    - Replacement Work wear for operational staff (£0.450m). Spending against this Reserve will be subject to further reports to the Authority once an alternative issue has been identified and a roll out programme considered.
    - Replacement Breathing Apparatus kit (£0.135m).
    - Property Maintenance Projects (£0.059m).
    - Change and Improvement Projects (£0.228m) delays in implementation of projects relating to Training Records, Information Assurance, Stores Review, Accident Reporting and training requirements.
    - Mobile Data Upgrades for fire appliances (£0.065m).
  - Grants Unapplied (£0.314m) as is outlined in paragraph 10.2 of this report, under the new IFRS accounting arrangements, any unused grants at the yearend, which are not subject to repayment are to be identified and carried forward to 2014-15. An analysis of such grants is shown in Table 2 overleaf.

TABLE 2 – UNSPENT GRANTS TO BE CARRIED FORWARD TO 2014-2015

Grant Received From	£m	Purpose of Grant
Department of Communities and Local Government (CLG)	0.110	Allocation to DSFRS in March 2014 from unused Capitalisation Funding.
Department of Communities and Local Government (CLG)	0.165	Allocation to DSFRS from Small Business Rates Relief Scheme. Grant received of £0.182m, amount transferred to earmarked reserve of £0.165m, net of cash shortfall of £0.17m in business rates funding in 2013-14.
Department of Communities and Local Government (CLG)	0.039	To fund Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) activities.
TOTAL	0.314	

# 12. PROPOSALS FOR UTILISATION OF THE UNDERSPEND

- The provisional outturn position was considered at the meeting of Resources Committee held on the 16 May 2014. Following that meeting it is recommended that the underspend figure of £2.649m be used to fund two further transfers into Earmarked Reserves, as follows:
  - (a) Essential Spending Pressures 2014-15 (£0.300m) Since setting the 2014-15 revenue budget in February 2014 two essential spending items totalling £0.300m have been identified by the Service Leadership Team for which no budget provision has been made. Since each of these items are one-off in nature it is proposed that funds be made available from the 2013-14 underspend by way of a transfer to Earmarked Reserves. The requested spending items relate to;
    - Enhancement of Home Fire Safety Visit programme (£0.100m).
    - Works relating to compliance with water regulations at a limited number of stations (£0.200m).
  - (b) Capital Funding Reserve (£2.349m) The Authority has been informed that the capital programme for 2014-15 to 2016-17 has been constructed on the basis that the debt ratio (debt charges expressed as a percentage of the total revenue budget) is kept within an agreed target of 5%. Whilst this position will help to keep the authority's exposure to external debt to more affordable levels, it is doubtful that this position can be sustained indefinitely if the identified capital investment backlog, including the phased roll out of the Light Rescue Pumps (LRPs), is to be addressed.

At the budget meeting in February 2014 the Treasurer reported (Report DSFRA/14/12 Capital Programme 2014-15 to 2016-17) that based on current spending forecasts there is a risk that the 5% limit will be breached in the year 2017-18, and even more concerning, that levels of external debt will increase from current levels of £26m to £36m by the year 2020. It is the Treasurers view that this level of debt will not be affordable; particularly at a time of a reducing revenue base as a consequence of further funding reductions. It is therefore important that the Authority considers alternative forms of funding capital spending other than borrowing.

The underspend position in 2013-14 provides an opportunity to set aside a one-off amount to be used to provide direct revenue funding towards future capital spending therefore reducing forecast debt requirements. It is therefore recommended that the remaining balance of the underspend of £2.349m be transferred to the Earmarked Reserve for Direct Revenue Funding to Capital. Approval of this recommendation would deliver on-going savings on future debt charges of £0.245m from 2015-16 onwards, therefore contributing to our forecast savings targets required over the next three years.

12.2 A summary position of Reserves and Provisions as at 31 March 2014, including the recommendations included in this report, is included as Appendix B to this report.

#### **Provisions**

12.3 Included in Appendix B is a summary of the Provision balances as at 31 March 214. As part of the year-end process the Authority is required to review the adequacy of Provision balances and consider whether any changes during the year require additional amounts to be set aside. As a result of the most recent review it has been assessed that an additional charge of £0.776m should be set aside in Provisions therefore increasing the total balance as at 31 March 2014 to £2.378m. The additional £0.776m relates to two items:

<u>Future Pensions Liability (£0.481m)</u> – Legislative changes affecting the Firefighter Pension Schemes has resulted in the need to set further sums aside to fund future pension liabilities. The latest assessment of forecast liabilities has resulted in the need to increase this Provision by an amount of £0.481m, increasing the total Provision as at 31 March 2014 to £2.083m.

In particular, Members will be aware of the impending financial liability relating to the Employment Tribunal which ruled that, under the Part-Time Workers (less than favourable working conditions) Regulations, retained firefighters should have had the same access to pension benefits as their full-time colleagues. Whilst from 2006 retained staff have had such access, this was not the case prior to 2006. The ruling has meant that individual retained firefighters, both existing and retired, can now access the Firefighter Pension Scheme for the period from the year 2000 (the year the employment Tribunal was lodged) until 2006.

In March 2014 the government published its response following last year's consultation from the Department for Communities and Local Government, and the enabling legislation has now come into force from 1 April 2014.

This legislation requires each fire and rescue authority to adopt the following options timetable to identify the interest in the scheme.

FRAs are required to use reasonable endeavours to notify all persons eligible to join the modified scheme **within 2 months** of the enabling legislation coming into force.

a. Eligible persons will then be required to indicate their interest in joining the scheme, and to submit information (where possible) to confirm their eligibility, details of service during the limited period, levels of historic pay and brigade location etc, within 2 months of receiving notification from the fire and rescue authority. For these cases, if an interest is not declared within 2 months of receiving the notification from the fire and rescue authority the opportunity to join the scheme will be lost for that individual.

- b. Eligible members who have not been notified of their entitlement to join the modified scheme by the relevant fire and rescue authority will have 4 months from the date that the legislation comes into force to declare their initial interest in joining the scheme, and to submit information (where possible) to confirm their eligibility, details of service during the limited period, levels of historic pay and brigade location etc. For these cases, if an interest is not declared within the 4 month period then the opportunity to join the scheme will be lost for that individual.
- c. FRAs are required to write to each eligible person who indicated an initial interest in joining the modified scheme, within 6 months of the date of receiving their notification, setting out the amount of special service that they have entitlement to purchase during the limited period and the associated costs of purchasing that past service rights.
- d. The eligible person will then be required to confirm to the appropriate fire and rescue authority, **within 6 months** of receiving this information, that they wish to take up membership of the scheme and pay the required historic contributions they will also be required to elect the date that they wish their special service to begin (the 'mandatory special period') and, if they wish to, to elect to transfer in any 1992 scheme benefits into their special membership at this time.

In terms of the funding implications of the Settlement the Government has reiterated its policy that pensions for unfunded public service pension schemes should be paid by employers and employees, and handled through periodic scheme valuations. The Department has therefore concluded that any costs in relation to the Settlement do not constitute a 'new burden' as set out in the Department's New Burden's doctrine.

This means that the Authority needs to make an assessment of the likely costs to fall on the revenue account as a result of the Settlement and ensure adequate funding is provided in its year-end accounts. Given that it will take up to twelve months to complete the options process, it is not possible at this time to give a precise figure in terms of the liability to fall on the Authority. The Authority has prudently however set up a Provision from previous years underspends.

Clearly there is a risk that the revised balance on this Provision of £2.083m will prove not to be sufficient to meet the actual pension liabilities when incurred. In such circumstance the Authority will need to consider how any shortfall is to be funded but in any event ensure that sufficient overall reserve balances are available.

PFI Equalisation Fund (£0.295m) – Under a joint PFI venture, Gloucestershire County Council (25%), Avon Fire & Rescue Service (50%) and Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Service (25%) receive a significant element of their training from Babcock International Group PLC, a Ltd company contracted to provide the training until 31 March 2028. The training is supplied at the Joint Fire Training Centre, Avonmouth, a facility that the service provider designed, built, financed and now operates under the PFI contract.

Under the financing arrangements each Authority pays an annual sum into what is called the Equalisation Fund which is managed by Gloucestershire County Council. Periodic reviews of the Fund are made to ensure that the annual sums made by each party will be sufficient to meet total liabilities to the end of the contract in 2028. The most recent review had identified a forecast potential shortfall on the Fund of £1.180m, representing a forecast liability to DSFRS (25%) of £0.295m. This shortfall has been caused by the economic downturn since 2008 and the detrimental impact on investment returns. An external audit report carried out in 2013 raised concerns that the three parties had not adequately addressed this forecast shortfall within its accounts and that each party should consider a planned action to address this issue.

A Provision of £0.295m has therefore been set aside to meet this forecast shortfall. This Provision will be subject to an annual review to consider its adequacy in light of future reviews of the Fund.

# 13. <u>IMPACT TO MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL PLANNNING</u>

- The Authority has previously been informed of the difficult financial climate currently being faced by local authorities as a result of significant reductions in government funding. The most recent Local Government Grant Settlement in December 2013 confirmed that DSFRA funding would reduce by £2.7m in 2014-15, and also provided an illustrative settlement figure for 2015-16 which indicates that our funding will be further reduced by £2.7m in 2015-16 (subject to Local Government Finance Settlement in December 2014). This would mean that the Authority would have suffered total reductions of £8.6m over the three years to 2015-16. Looking beyond 2015-16, the Chancellors' Autumn Statement in December 2012 confirmed that the austerity measures to reduce the structural deficit will need to continue until at least 2017-18. This means that the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) needs to be planning for further significant reductions beyond 2015-16.
- 13.2 So far, the Authority has responded well, since 2011 a total of £7.3m of recurring efficiency savings have been identified and used to enable balanced budgets to have been set, including an amount of £3.6m in setting the budget for 2014-15 in February 2014. However the MTFP forecasts that a further £7.1m of on-going savings will be required over the next three years to 2017-18. Chart 1 below provides a summary of savings delivered to date (2014-15) and forecast savings required over the next three years to 2015-16 to 2017-18.

CHART 1 – SUMMARY OF SAVINGS (CUMULATIVE) 2011 TO 2018 - £MILLIONS



£7.3m Budget Savings 2011-2015

Forecast Further Savings of £7.1m 2015-2018

- The Corporate Plan for 2013-14 to 2014-15 was approved by the Authority at its meeting on 10 July 2013. The Plan includes a range of proposals which when fully implemented will deliver total on-going savings of £6.8m. Of this an amount of £3.6m has been already utilised in setting the 2014-15 budget, leaving a further £3.2m of Corporate Plan proposals to contribute to further savings targets beyond 2014-15.
- The underspend of £2.649m achieved in the previous financial year 2013-14 is of course most welcome and is as a result of our strategy to deliver in year savings to be available to increase Reserve balances. However, it is of course, a one-off saving and therefore can only be used once, so is not able to provide a sustainable solution to the forecast budget shortfall. Members may recall that in setting a balanced budget for the current financial year 2014-15, in February 2014, an amount of £3.6m was taken out of the base budget to reflect the delivery of on-going budget savings.
- The recommendation in this report, to provide a one-off contribution to capital spending of £2.349m, will reduce future debt charges by £0.245m from 2015-16 therefore contributing to our future savings targets.

## 14. SUMMARY OF REVENUE SPENDING

- 14.1 Members will be well aware from budget monitoring reports considered during the financial year of the strategy adopted to seek in-year savings wherever possible which can be transferred at year end to the Authority Reserve balances. It is pleasing therefore that this strategy has resulted in a final underspend position of £2.649m requiring a Member decision as to how this one-off amount is to be best utilised.
- This report makes proposals as to how this underspend can be utilised, following consideration of the outturn position by Resources Committee at its meeting on the 16 May 2014. The Authority is asked to approve these recommendations.

#### 15. SECTION 2 – CAPITAL OUTTURN 2013-14

- The capital programme for 2013-14 was originally set at £4.998m at the budget setting meeting held on the 18 February 2013. This programme figure has increased during the financial year to £6.798m, predominantly as a result of slippage in spending from the previous year, but also as a result of new capital spending items to be funded from grant income or revenue contributions. As has been reported to the Committee during the year whilst these changes represent an increase in the 2013-14 programme they do not represent in the previously agreed borrowing requirement.
- Table 3 below provides a summary of the provisional outturn position against the agreed 2013-2014 capital programme. Against a final capital programme of £6.798m, capital spending in year was £3.853m, with £2.822m of slippage in to 2014-15 and net savings of £0.123m.

TABLE 3 – SUMMARY OF CAPITAL SPENDING IN 2013-14

Capital Programme 2013/14						
				Variation to budget		
	2013/14	2013/14	2013/14	Slippage	Savings	variation
Item PROJECT	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
			Variation			
	Budget	Outturn	to budget			
Estate Development						
1 SHQ major building works	79	21	(58)	58	_	58
2 Major Projects - Training Facility at Exeter Airport	1,544	1,247	(297)	320	(23)	297
3 Minor improvements & structural maintenance	300	33	(267)	262	5	267
4 USAR works	255	187	(68)	68	-	68
5 Minor Works slippage from earlier years	988	570	(419)	418	18	436
6 Projects funded from Revenue	108	96	(12)	12	-	12
Estates Sub Total	3,274	2,136	(1,138)	1,138	0	1,138
Fleet & Equipment						
7 Appliance Replacement - Slippage from 12/13	337	127	(210)	177	33	210
8 Specialist Ops Vehicles - Slippage from 12/13	1,531	717	(814)	741	73	814
9 Equipment - Slippage from 12/13	181	113	(68)	51	17	68
10 Vehicles funded from Revenue	60	60	-	-	-	-
11 Appliance Replacement	1,015	613	(402)	402	-	402
12 Equipment	300	87	(213)	213	-	213
13 USAR Vehicles	100	-	(100)	100	-	100
Fleet & Equipment Sub Total	3,524	1,717	(1,807)	1,684	123	1,807
Overall Capital Totals	6,798	3,853	(2,945)	2,822	123	2,945
Programme funding						
Main programme	1,596	_	(1,596)	_	_	_
Revenue funds	3,407	2,225	(1,182)	2,655	123	2,778
Earmarked Reserves	355	188	(167)	167		167
Grants	1,440	1,440	-	-	-	-
	6,798	3,853	(2,945)	2,822	123	2,945

# Slippage in Capital Spending 2013-14

This Authority has a three rolling capital programme, reviewed annually. This reflects changes in circumstances within individual projects and slippage that will occur from time to time. This has particularly been the case in relation to the appliance replacement programme which has suffered from delays in delivery of chassis resulting from strike action within the supplier company. Those projects that have slipped into 2014-15 have been reassessed and a further £0.123m saved as a consequence by only taking forward those projects already committed.

# 16. FINANCING THE 2013-14 CAPITAL PROGRAMME

Table 4 below provides an analysis of how the 2013-14 capital spending of £3.853m is to be financed.

TABLE 4 – SUMMARY OF CAPITAL FINANCING IN 2013-14

	Actual Financing Required £m
External Borrowing	0.00
Other Financing Sources	
Revenue Contribution to Capital Spending	
Contribution from Earmarked Reserves	2.078
Purchase of ICT building at SHQ	0.043
Axminster Station rebuild	0.037
Purchase of Telehandler Unit	0.038
Community Safety vehicles and garaging	0.029
Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) lecture building and associated works.	0.188
Sub Total – Direct Revenue Funding/Earmarked Reserve	2.413
Capital/Revenue Grants CLG Grant to support capital spending	1.398
Environment Agency to support purchase of specialist environment protection pods	0.042
Sub Total - Capital/Revenue Grants	1.440
Total Financing	3.853

#### **Borrowing**

The amount of external borrowing at the beginning of the financial year stood at £27.167m. No new borrowing was taken out during the year and an amount of £0.953m has been repaid, resulting in an overall reduction of external borrowing to £26.214m as at 31 March 2014. This level of borrowing is well below the agreed maximum borrowing figure of £32.770m allowed under the Prudential Code.

#### 17. DRAFT PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS

17.1 The prudential indicators at this time can only be regarded as provisional subject to the completion of the Statement of Accounts and resultant audit scrutiny.

#### Capital Expenditure

17.2 This prudential indicator reports actual capital spending for the year against the approved programme. Spending has proved to be £2.945m less than anticipated predominantly as a consequence of delays on progressing capital projects.

Approved Indicator £6.798m

Actual Expenditure £3.853m

Variance (£2.945)m

# Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) – External Borrowing

17.3 The CFR reflects the underlying need to borrow for capital purposes. Given that spending is £2.9m less than programmed, the need to borrow to fund capital spending has also reduced.

Approved CFR £25.978m

Revised CFR

(Based on actual spending) £24.382m Variance (£1.596)m

As is reported in paragraph 16.2 actual levels of external borrowing was £26.214m as at 31 March 2014. Whilst this level exceeds the revised CFR figure of £24.382m, which reflects that borrowing of £1.832m has been taken out in advance of spending, this does not represent a breach of prudential indicators as borrowing is permitted up to what is called the Authorised Limit i.e. £32.770m (see para 17.6 below).

# Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) - Other Long Term Liabilities

17.5 This CFR reports long term financing liabilities other than external borrowing, e.g. Private Finance Initiative (PFI) and Finance Leases, which under accounting rules are required to be reported alongside traditional borrowing liabilities.

Approved CFR £1.532m

Actual CFR £1.532m

Variance (£0.000) m

#### Authorised Limit and the Operational Boundary for External Debt

17.6 Actual external debt as at 31 March 2014 was £26.214m. This is within the authorised limit (absolute maximum borrowing approval) and operational boundary of £32.770m and £31.472m respectively, and therefore neither was breached.

# Ratio of Financing Cost to Net Revenue Stream

17.7 This ratio aims to show the percentage of revenue resources which are applied to financing debt. The Authority's estimate was that 3.85% would be applied and the actual figure is 0.10 base points (bp) below that estimate.

Capital Financing Costs £3.056m
Interest on investments (£0.173) m
Net Financing Costs £2.883m
Net Revenue Stream £76.784m
Percentage 3.75%
Estimated 3.85%
Variance (0.10) bp

# 18. <u>DETERMINATION OF CAPITAL FINANCE</u>

- The Authority is required to determine its use of capital finance as defined by capital control legislation. The following use of capital finance resources is proposed;
  - That an amount of £1.440m is capitalised and funded from external grant.
  - That an amount of £2.413m is capitalised and funded from revenue contributions to capital spending, either directly from the 2013-14 revenue budget or from balances in Earmarked Reserves.

**KEVIN WOODWARD Treasurer** 

# SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF REVENUE SPENDING

		2013/14	Month 12	Variance
		Budget	Outturn	over/ (under)
		£000	£000	£000
Line		(1)	(2)	(3)
No	SPENDING			
	EMPLOYEE COSTS			
1	Wholetime uniform staff	31,999	31,960	
2	Retained firefighters	11,768	11,362	(
3	Control room staff	1,637	1,506	(
4	Non uniformed staff	10,974	9,974	(1,
5	Training expenses	1,386	1,022	(
6	Fire Service Pensions recharge	2,058	2,442	(4)
	PREMISES RELATED COSTS	59,822	58,266	(1,
7	Repair and maintenance	1,151	997	(
8	Energy costs	618	589	
9	Cleaning costs	444	406	
10	Rent and rates	1,494	1,565	
_		3,707	3,557	(
	TRANSPORT RELATED COSTS	-,- •-	-,	`
11	Repair and maintenance	634	594	
12	Running costs and insurances	1,408	1,418	
13	Travel and subsistence	1,683	1,530	(
		3,725	3,542	į (
	SUPPLIES AND SERVICES			
14	Equipment and furniture	2,612	2,298	(
15	Supplies Internal Recharges	0	17	
16	Hydrants-installation and maintenance	111	113	
17	Communications	2,013	1,953	
18	Uniforms	1,283	549	(
19	Catering	139	174	
20	External Fees and Services	331	208	(
21	Partnerships & regional collaborative projects	125	99	
		6,614	5,411	(1,
	ESTABLISHMENT COSTS			
22	Printing, stationery and office expenses	397	314	
23	Advertising	46	14	
24	Insurances	366	368	,
	PAYMENTS TO OTHER AUTHORITIES	809	696	C
25	Support service contracts	561	1,018	
20	Support Service Contracts	561	1,018	
	CAPITAL FINANCING COSTS	301	1,010	
26	Capital charges	4,563	4,233	G
27	Revenue Contribution to Capital spending	167	146	(
	Tapital Sportaling	4,730	4,379	G
		,	,	
28	TOTAL SPENDING	79,968	76,868	(3,
	INCOME			
29	Treasury management investment income	(100)	(173)	
30	Grants and Reimbursements	(1,981)	(3,154)	(1,
31	Other income	(940)	(966)	, ,
32	Internal Recharges	(163)	(141)	
33	TOTAL INCOME	(3,184)	(4,434)	(1,
34	NET SPENDING	76,784	72,434	(4,
	TRANSFERS TO FARMARKES SESSOINES			
35	TRANSFERS TO EARMARKED RESERVES  Community Safety Prevention	=	450	
36	Carry Forwards to 2014-15	-	937	
37	Grants Unapplied	-	314	
20			1 701	_
38		-	1,701	1
39	NET SPENDING	76,784	74,135	(2,

# **APPENDIX B TO REPORT DSFRA/14/10**

# SUMMARY OF RESERVES AND BALANCES AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS					
	Balance as at 1 April 2013	Proposed Transfers	Spend 2013-14	Balance as at 31 March 2014	
RESERVES	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Earmarked reserves					
Grants unapplied in 2010-11	(2,251)	_	300	(1,951)	
Grants unapplied in 2011-12	(139)	_	80	(59)	
Grants unapplied in 2013-14	-	(314)	-	(314)	
Change & improvement programme	(511)	(228)	_	(739)	
Commercial Services	(252)	-	41	(211)	
Direct Funding to Capital	(3,877)	(2,349)	2,078	(4,148)	
CSR 2010	(3,389) *		, -	(3,389)	
2012-13 Budget Carry Forwards	(150)	_	48	(102)	
2013-14 Budget Carry Forwards	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(709)		(709)	
Essential Spending Pressures	(103)	(300)	-	(403)	
Community Safety Investment	-	(450)	45	(405)	
Total earmarked reserves	(10,672)	(4,350)	2,593	(12,429)	
General reserve					
General fund balance	(5,191)			(5,191)	
Percentage of general reserve compared to net but	dget				-6.76%
TOTAL RESERVE BALANCES	(15,863)			(17,620)	
PROVISIONS					
Fire fighters pension schemes	(1,624)	(481)	22	(2,083)	
PFI Equalisation	0	(295)	-	(295)	
TOTAL PROVISIONS	(1,624)	(776)	22	(2,378)	



# DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY

REPORT REFERENCE NO.	DSFRA/14/11
MEETING	DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY (Ordinary Meeting)
DATE OF MEETING	29 MAY 2014
SUBJECT OF REPORT	ANNUAL TREASURY MANAGEMENT REPORT 2013-14
LEAD OFFICER	Treasurer
RECOMMENDATIONS	That the performance in relation to the treasury management activities of the Authority for 2013-2014, as set out in this report, be noted.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's (CIPFA) Code of Practice on Treasury Management, requires that the Authority receives a report in respect of borrowing and investment activities during the year, and compares this performance against the treasury management strategy adopted.
	The report includes a performance report relating to the 2013-14 financial year.
RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS	As indicated in the report.
EQUALITY RISKS AND BENEFITS ANALYSIS (ERBA)	The contents of this report are considered compatible with equalities and human rights legislation.
APPENDICES	A. Prudential indicators 2013-14.
LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS	Treasury Management Strategy (including Prudential and Treasury Indicators) Report DSFRA/13/3

# 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The Authority is required by regulations issued under the Local Government Act 2003 to produce an annual treasury management review of activities and the actual prudential and treasury indicators for 2013-14. This report meets the requirements of both the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management (the Code) and the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code).
- 1.2 The Authority fully complies with the primary requirements of the Code, which includes:
  - The creation and maintenance of a Treasury Management Policy Statement, which sets out the policies and objectives of the Authority's treasury management activities.
  - The creation and maintenance of Treasury Management Practices, which set out the manner in which the Authority will seek to achieve those policies and objectives.
  - The receipt by the Authority of an annual strategy report for the year ahead, a mid year treasury update report and an annual review report of the previous year.
  - The delegation by the Authority of responsibilities for implementing and monitoring treasury management policies and practices and for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions.
  - Delegation by the Authority of the role of scrutiny of treasury management strategy and policies to a specific named body which in this Authority is the Resources Committee.
- 1.3 The regulatory environment places responsibility on members for the review and scrutiny of treasury management policy and activities. This report is therefore important in that respect, as it provides details of the outturn position for treasury activities and highlights compliance with the Council's policies previously approved by members.
- 1.4 The Treasury Management Strategy for Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority has been underpinned by the adoption of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's (CIPFA) 2011 Treasury Management in Public Services Code of Practice (the Code) and the CIPFA Prudential Code.
- 1.5 Treasury management in this context is defined as:

"The management of the local Authority's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks."

#### 2. THE ECONOMY AND INTEREST RATES

2.1 The financial year 2013-14 continued the challenging investment environment of previous years, namely low investment returns, although levels of counterparty risk had subsided somewhat. The original expectation for 2013/14 was that Bank Rate would not rise during the year and for it only to start gently rising from quarter 1 2015. This forecast rise has now been pushed back to a start in quarter 3 2015.

- 2.2 Economic growth (GDP) in the UK was virtually flat during 2012-13 but surged strongly during the year. Consequently there was no additional quantitative easing during 2013-14 and Bank Rate ended the year unchanged at 0.5% for the fifth successive year. While CPI inflation had remained stubbornly high and substantially above the 2% target during 2012, by January 2014 it had, at last, fallen below the target rate to 1.9% and then fell further to 1.7% in February. It is also expected to remain slightly below the target rate for most of the two years ahead.
- 2.3 Gilt yields were on a sharply rising trend during 2013 but volatility returned in the first quarter of 2014 as various fears sparked a flight to quality (see paragraph 4.) The Funding for Lending Scheme, announced in July 2012, resulted in a flood of cheap credit being made available to banks which then resulted in money market investment rates falling drastically in the second half of that year and continuing into 2013-14. That part of the Scheme which supported the provision of credit for mortgages was terminated in the first quarter of 2014 as concerns rose over resurging house prices.
- 2.4 The UK coalition Government maintained its tight fiscal policy stance but recent strong economic growth has led to a cumulative, (in the Autumn Statement and the March Budget), reduction in the forecasts for total borrowing, of £97bn over the next five years, culminating in a £5bn surplus in 2018-19.
- 2.5 The EU sovereign debt crisis subsided during the year and confidence in the ability of the Eurozone to remain intact increased substantially. Perceptions of counterparty risk improved after the ECB statement in July 2012 that it would do "whatever it takes" to support struggling Eurozone countries; this led to a return of confidence in its banking system which has continued into 2013/14 and led to a move away from only very short term investing. However, this is not to say that the problems of the Eurozone, or its banks, have ended as the zone faces the likelihood of weak growth over the next few years at a time when the total size of government debt for some nations is likely to continue rising. Upcoming stress tests of Eurozone banks could also reveal some areas of concern.

#### 3. OVERALL TREASURY POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

3.1 The Authority's debt and investment position at the beginning and the end of the year was as follows:

SUMMARY	31st March 2013 Principal	Rate/ Return	Rate/ Return 31st March 2014 Principal Rate	
Total Debt - PWLB	£27.167m	4.227%	£26.214m	4.231%
CFR	£26.307m		£24.382m	
Over/(under) borrowing	£0.860m		£1.832m	
Total Investments	£17.792m	0.64%	£25.107m	0.61%
NET DEBT	£9.375m		£0.725m	

As is indicated above actual levels of external borrowing of £26.214m as at 31 March 2014, exceeds the CFR figure of £24.382m, which reflects that borrowing of £1.832m has been taken out in advance of spending. This is as a result of capital slippage against the 2013-14 programme being more than forecast, and it is forecast that capital spending in the next two years will increase the CFR sufficiently to reverse this over borrowing position. At this time this does not represent a breach of prudential indicators, as borrowing is permitted up to what is called the Authorised Limit i.e. £32.770m, and therefore no action is required.

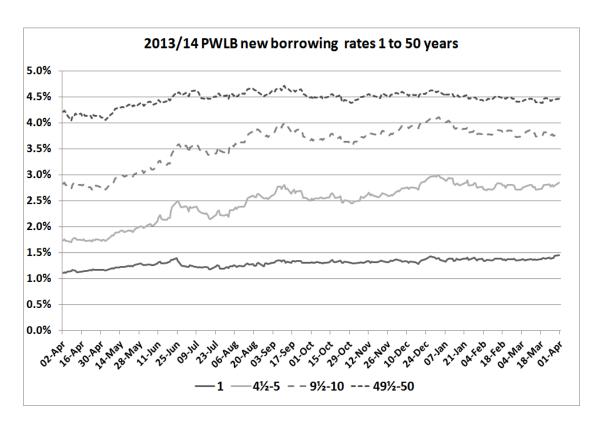
# 4. **STRATEGY FOR 2013-14**

- 4.1 The expectation for interest rates within the strategy for 2013-14 anticipated low but rising Bank Rate (starting in quarter 1 of 2015), and gradual rises in medium and longer term fixed borrowing rates during 2013-14. Variable, or short-term rates, were expected to be the cheaper form of borrowing over the period. Continued uncertainty in the aftermath of the 2008 financial crisis promoted a cautious approach, whereby investments would continue to be dominated by low counterparty risk considerations, resulting in relatively low returns compared to borrowing rates.
- 4.2 Based upon these circumstances, the treasury strategy was to postpone borrowing to avoid the cost of holding higher levels of investments and to reduce counterparty risk.
- 4.3 The actual movement in gilt yields meant that PWLB rates were on a sharply rising trend during 2013 as markets anticipated the start of tapering of asset purchases by the Fed. This duly started in December 2013 and the US FOMC (the Fed.), adopted a future course of monthly reductions of \$10bn (from a starting position of \$85bn), meaning that asset purchases were likely to stop by the end of 2014. However, volatility set in during the first quarter of 2014 as fears around emerging markets, various vulnerabilities in the Chinese economy, the increasing danger for the Eurozone to drop into a deflationary spiral, and the situation in the Ukraine, caused rates to dip down, reflecting a flight to quality into UK gilts.

# 5. <u>BORROWING</u>

# Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) borrowing rates 2013-2014

The graph overleaf shows how PWLB borrowing rates have risen from historically very low levels during the year.



#### **DSFRA Borrowing Strategy**

#### Prudential Indicators

- It is a statutory duty for the Authority to determine and keep under review the "Affordable Borrowing Limits". The Authority's approved Prudential Indicators (affordability limits) are outlined in the approved Treasury Management Strategy.
- During the financial year DSFRA operated within the treasury limits and Prudential Indicators set out in the Authority's annual Treasury Strategy Statement. The outturn for the Prudential Indicators is shown in Appendix A.

#### DSFRA Borrowing during and at the end of 2013-2014

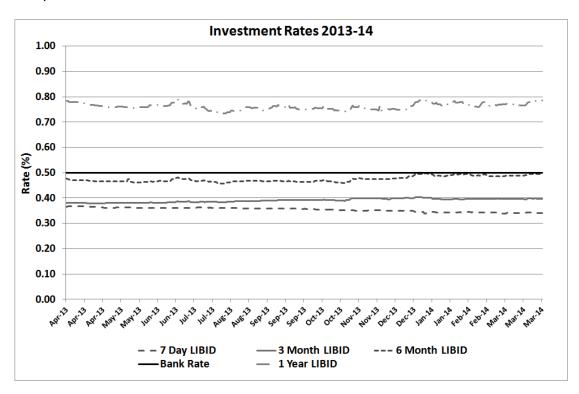
No new borrowing was taken out in 2013-14 to support capital spending. A summary of the loan (debt) position of the Authority is given in the table below. All existing borrowing has been taken out at Fixed Interest Rates.

Summary of loan moveme 2013-14	ents during
	Amount £m
Value of loans outstanding 1/4/13	g as at 27.167
Loans taken during 2013-20	
Loans repaid upon maturity 2013-14	during (0.953)
Loans rescheduled during 2	013-14 0
Total value of loans outsta at 31/3/2014	anding as 26.214

#### 6. INVESTMENTS

#### Investment rates in 2013-14

Bank Rate remained at its historic low of 0.5% throughout the year; it has now remained unchanged for five years. Market expectations as to the timing of the start of monetary tightening ended up unchanged at early 2015. The Funding for Lending Scheme resulted in deposit rates remaining depressed during the whole of the year, although the part of the scheme supporting provision of credit for mortgages came to an end in the first quarter of 2014.



#### **DSFRA Investment Strategy**

- The Authority's Annual Investment Strategy, which is incorporated in the Treasury Management Strategy Statement, outlines the Authority's investment priorities as follows:
  - Security of Capital
  - Liquidity
- The Authority will also aim to achieve the optimum return on investments commensurate with the proper levels of security and liquidity. In the current economic climate it is considered appropriate to keep investments short term, and only invest with highly credit rated financial institutions using the Sector suggested creditworthiness matrices, including Credit Default Swap (CDS) overlay information provided by Sector. In addition to this approach the Authority has the ability to use building societies under specified and non-specified investments.

# DSFRA Investments during and at the end of 2013-2014

No institutions in which investments were made during 2013-2014 had any difficulty in repaying investments and interest in full during the year and the Authority had no liquidity difficulties.

6.5 A full list of investments held as at 31 March 2014 are shown in the table overleaf

Investments as at 31 March 2014							
Counterparty	Maximum to	Total amount	Call	Period	Interest		
	be invested	invested	or	invested	rate(s)		
			Term		, ,		
	£m	£m					
Bank of Scotland	5.000	2.000	Т	9 mths	0.83%		
		1.500	Т	1 yr	0.95%		
		1.500	Т	9 mths	0.80%		
Barclays	10.000	2.000	Т	3 mths	0.44%		
		1.000	Т	3 mths	0.44%		
		2.000	Т	6 mths	0.54%		
National Westminster	5.000	5.000	Т	3 mths	0.60%		
Bank							
Svenska Handelsbanken	5.000	5.000	С	Instant	Variable		
				Access			
Black Rock Money	5.000	0.846	С	Instant	Variable		
Market Funds				Access			
Federated Prime Rate	5.000	4.261	O	Instant	Variable		
Money Market Funds				Access			
Total invested as at 31s	t March 2014	25.107m					

Funds available for investment are on a temporary basis, the level of which are dependent on the timing of precept payments, receipt of grants and progress on the Capital Programme.

Benchmark	Average level of funds available for Investment	Benchmark Return	Authority Performance	Investment Interest Earned
3 month	£28.477m	0.39%	0.43%	£0.173m

The amount of investment income earned of £0.173m has exceeded the target by £0.073m as a result of levels of fund available for investment during the year being higher than anticipated.

# 7. **SUMMARY**

7.1 In compliance with the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice of Treasury Management, this report provides members with a summary report of the treasury management activities during 2013-2014. As is indicated in this report, none of the Prudential Indicators have been breached, and a prudent approach has been taken in relation to investment decisions taken during the year, with priority being given to liquidity and security over yield.

7.2 Continued uncertainty in the aftermath of the 2008 financial crisis promoted a cautious approach, whereby investments continued to be dominated by risk considerations resulting in relatively low returns compared to borrowing rates. Even so, the Authority is able to report that its returns are above the LIBID 3 month rate, the benchmark return for this type of short term investments.

**KEVIN WOODWARD** Treasurer

# **APPENDIX A TO REPORT DSFRA/14/11**

PRUDENTIAL INDICATOR	2012-13	2013-14	2013-14
	£m	£m	£m
	actual	approved	actual
Capital Expenditure Non - HRA HRA (applies only to housing authorities)	4.662	6.798	3.853
	0	0	0
TOTAL	4.662	6.798	3.853
Ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream Non - HRA HRA (applies only to housing authorities)	3.66%	3.85%	3.75%
	0%	0%	0%
Capital Financing Requirement as at 31 March (borrowing only)  Non – HRA  HRA (applies only to housing authorities)  TOTAL	26.307	25.978	24.382
	0	0	0
	26.307	25.978	24.382
Annual change in Cap. Financing Requirement Non – HRA HRA (applies only to housing authorities) TOTAL	0.164	(0.356)	(1.952)
	0	0	0
	0.164	(0.356)	(1.952)
Incremental impact of capital investment decisions	£р	£р	£р
Increase/(decrease) in council tax (band D) per annum	(£0.55)	(£0.36)	£(0.34)
TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS			
Authorised Limit for external debt -	£m	£m	£m
borrowing other long term liabilities TOTAL	29.211	32.770	32.770
	1.587	1.520	1.520
	30.798	34.290	34.290
Operational Boundary for external debt - borrowing other long term liabilities TOTAL	27.791	32.739	32.739
	1.509	1.509	1.509
	29.300	34.248	34.248

	Actual 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2014	upper limit %	lower limit %
Limits on borrowing at fixed interest rates	100%	100%	70%
Limits on borrowing at variable interest rates	0%	30%	0%
Maturity structure of fixed rate borrowing during 2013-14			
Under 12 months	3.51%	30%	0%
12 months and within 24 months	0.99%	30%	0%
24 months and within 5 years	1.15%	50%	0%
5 years and within 10 years	5.03%	75%	0%
10 years and above	89.31%	100%	50%